

Building Recovery Capital with Justice-Involved Individuals

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Disclaimer

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Points of views or opinions in this document are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Learner Objectives

By the end of this session, participants will be able to:

- Define the elements of recovery capital
- Understand the research related to recovery capital, substance use treatment and peer recovery support
- Understand Montana based efforts in institutionalizing recovery capital tools and procedures
- State the role of treatment court in building recovery capital
 - Assessment
 - Staffing/case management
 - Renewing your community map



Recovery

SAMHSA: "A process of change through which individuals improve their health and wellness, live a self-directed life, and strive to reach their full potential."

Recovery Research Institute:

"The process of improved physical, psychological, social well-being and health after having suffered from a substance-related condition"

SAMHSA 4 Major Dimensions









Purpose

Communit



Common themes?

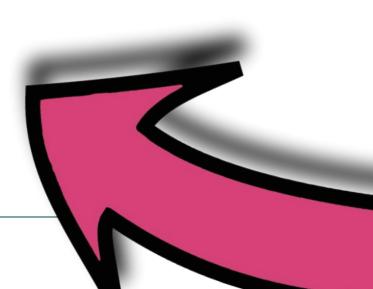
There are common themes across these definitions

The process of recovery is not just about abstinence



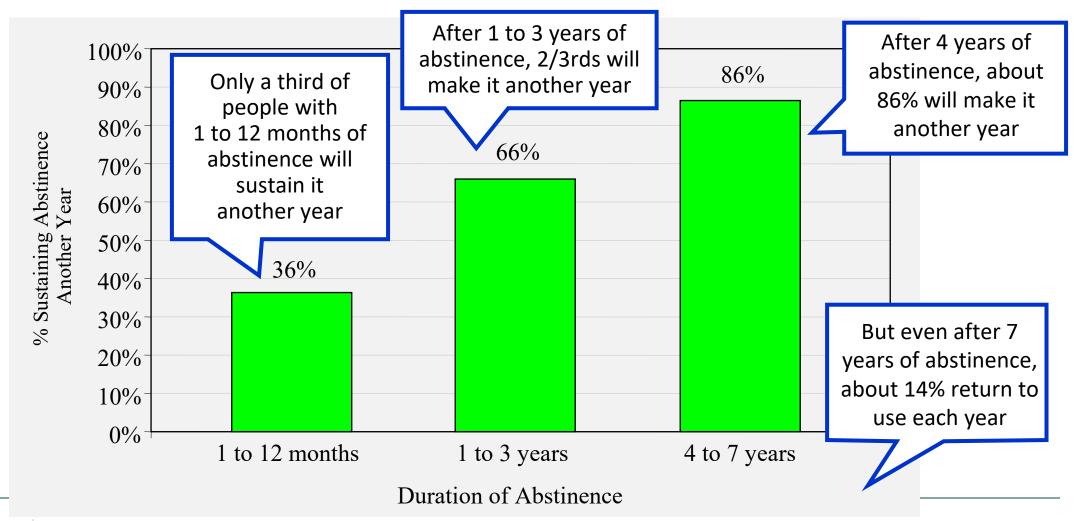
- Empowerment
- Well-being
- Quality of life
- Connectedness

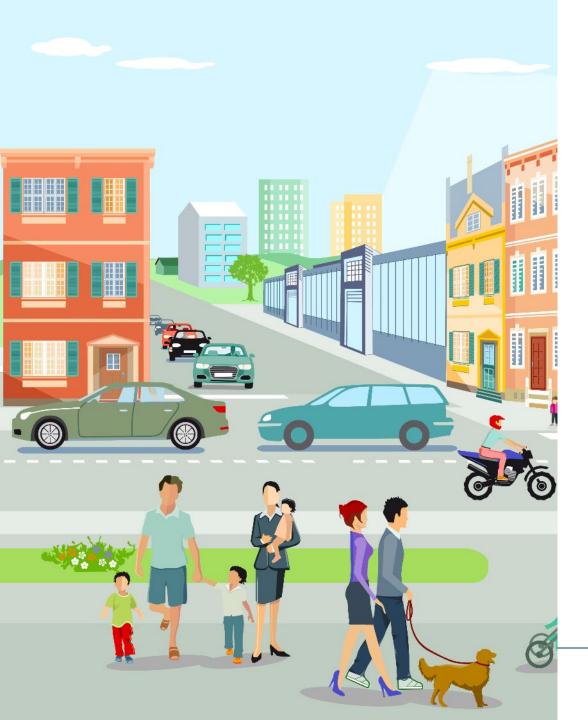






Likelihood of Sustaining Abstinence Grows Over Time





Understanding Recovery Capital

All the personal and tangible resources a person has and needs in order to initiate and sustain recovery (Granfield & Cloud, 1999; Laudet and Best, 2010; White & White, 2008).

Research is varied, but generally three to six elements of recovery capital

Recovery Capital





Financial Capital

- Transportation
- Shelter
- Access to insurance





Human Capital

- Values
- Knowledge
- Skills
- Self-esteem
- Risk management





Social Capital

Relationships

- Family
- Friends
- Supportive social relationships that are centered around recovery
- Relational connections





Community and Cultural Capital

• Full continuum of treatment resources

Accessibility of resources that are diverse

Local recovery efforts and supports

 Culturally prescribed and supported pathways of recovery

• Recovery norms are valued in the community

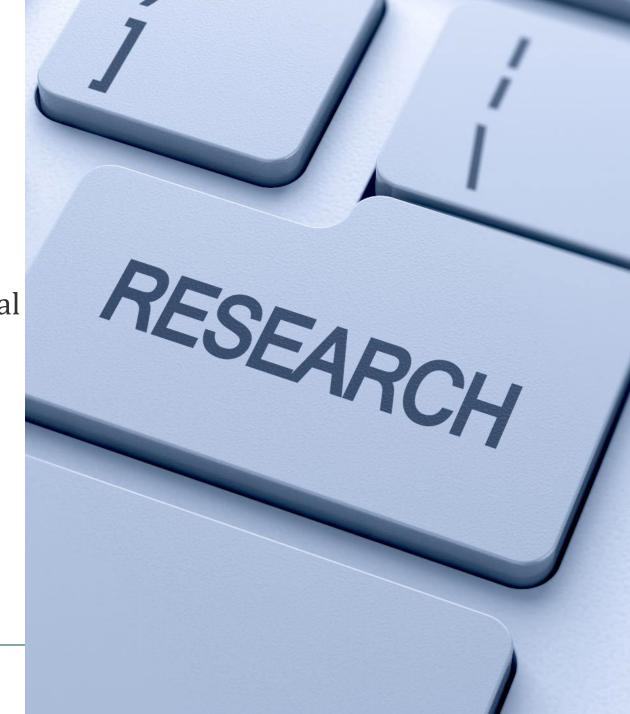


Research on Recovery Capital



Current Research Findings

- An emerging field of study
- Those who complete treatment have higher levels of recovery capital
- Those in rural areas specifically benefit from focused efforts on building social and personal capital.
- Peer recovery support services delivered by community recovery organizations (n=3459) resulted in statistically significant changes in recovery capital scores.
 - The number of contacts and completed goals were predictive of increases in post scores





Current Research Findings: Treatment Court Specific

A 2016 study found that treatment court clients had "restricted recovery capital portfolios" (n=34)





Innovation: Montana Efforts

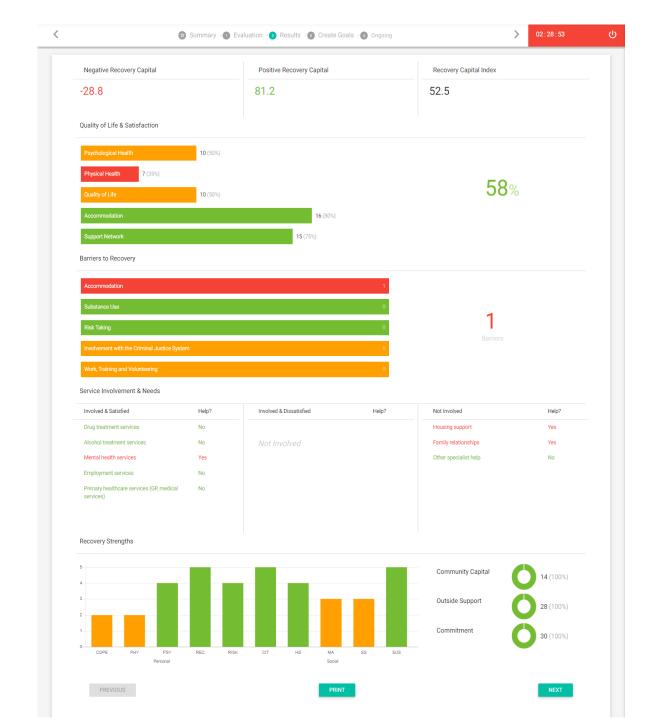
- Culturally appropriate worksheets
- Use of Rec-Cap software
- National Learning Community





RECCAP Software

- 1. Quality of Life & Satisfaction
- 2. Barriers to Recovery
- 3. Service Involvement & Needs
- 4. Personal Recovery Readiness
- 5. Social Recovery Capital
- 6. Recovery Group Participation
- 7. Other Support
- 8. Commitment to Recovery



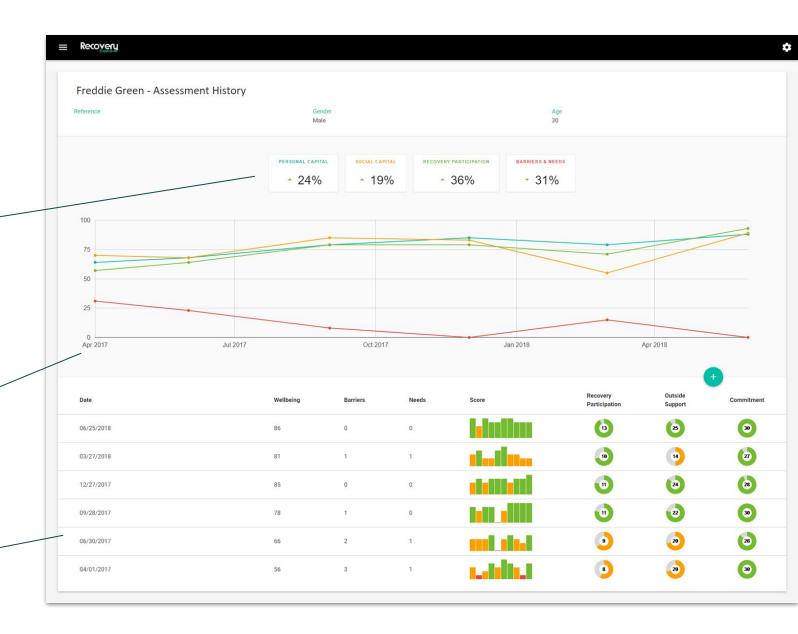
Longitudinal Scoring

Progress Summary

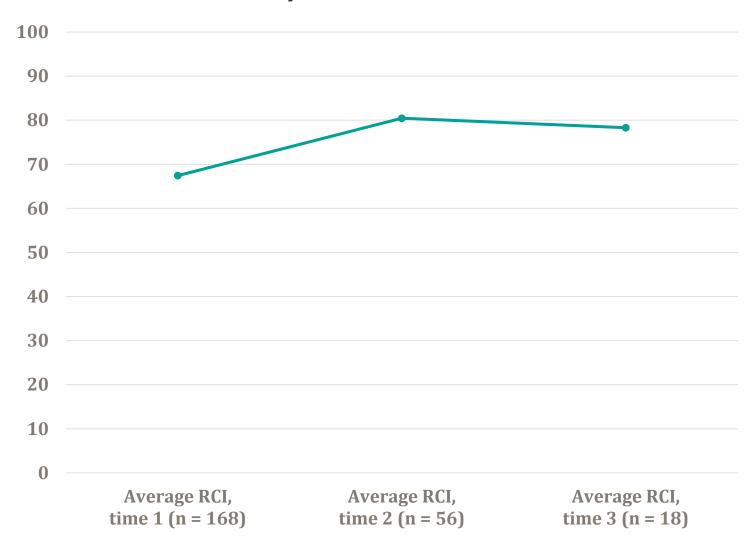
- Personal
 - Wellbeing
 - Personal ARC
 - Commitment
- Social
 - Social ARC
 - Outside Support
- Recovery Participation
- Barriers & Needs
 - o Barriers to Recovery
 - Unmet Service Needs

Change Over Time

Assessment History



Summary of Average Recovery Capital Index Score across all Sites, over time





The Role of the Court in Long-Term Recovery

• Q: How can criminal justice officials support clients in building up their recovery capital and longterm management?



Assessment of individual recovery capital

Mapping of community supports

Case Planning and Staffing

Phase Realignment



Assessment

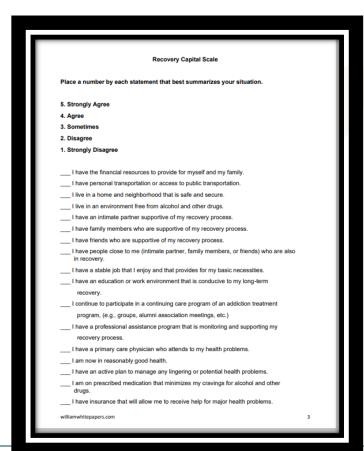
Recovery Capital Assessments

Assessment of Recovery Capital

(Groshkova et al., 2013)

Instructions for participants. Please tick if you agree with any of the following statements.

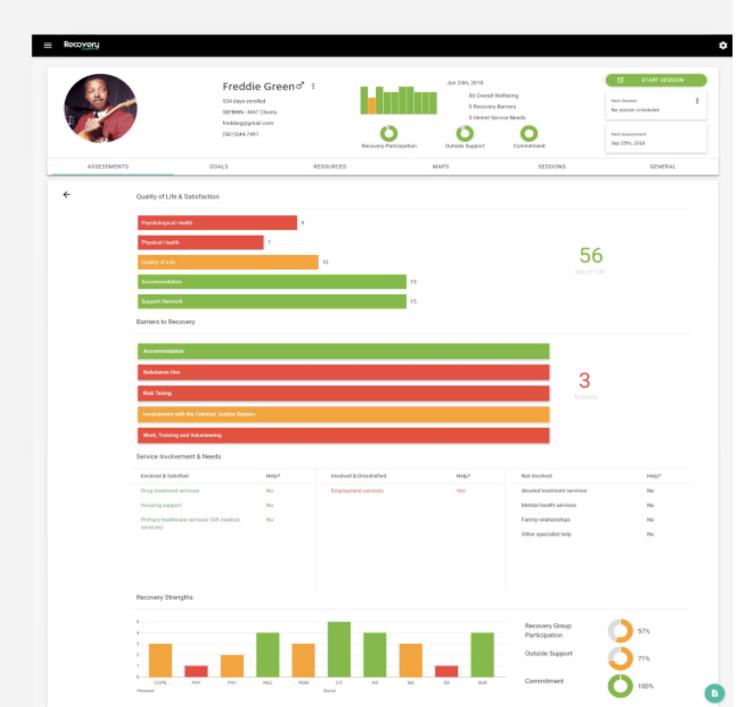
- 1. Having a sense of purpose in life is important to my recovery journey
- 2. I am able to concentrate when I need to
- 3. I am actively involved in leisure and sport activities
- 4. I am coping with the stresses in my life
- 5. I am currently completely sober
- 6. I am free from worries about money
- I am actively engaged in efforts to improve myself (training, education and/or selfawareness
- 8. I am happy dealing with a range of professional people
- 9. I am happy with my personal life
- 10. I am making good progress on my recovery journey
- 11. I am proud of my home
- 12. I am proud of the community I live in and feel a part of it
- 13. I am satisfied with my involvement with my family
- 14. I cope well with everyday tasks
- 15. I do not let other people down
- 16. I am free of threat or harm when I am at home
- 17. I am happy with my appearance
- 18. I engage in activities and events that support my recovery
- 19. I eat regularly and have a balanced diet
- 20. I engage in activities that I find enjoyable and fulfilling
- 21. I feel physically well enough to work
- 22. I feel safe and protected where I live
- 23. I feel that I am in control of my substance use
- 24. I feel that I am free to shape my own destiny
- 25. I get lots of support from friends
- 26. I get the emotional help and support I need from my family
- 27. I have a special person that I can share my joys and sorrows with
- 28. I have access to opportunities for career development (job opportunities, volunteering or apprenticeships)
- 29. I have enough energy to complete the tasks I set myself
- 30. I have had no 'near things' about relapsing



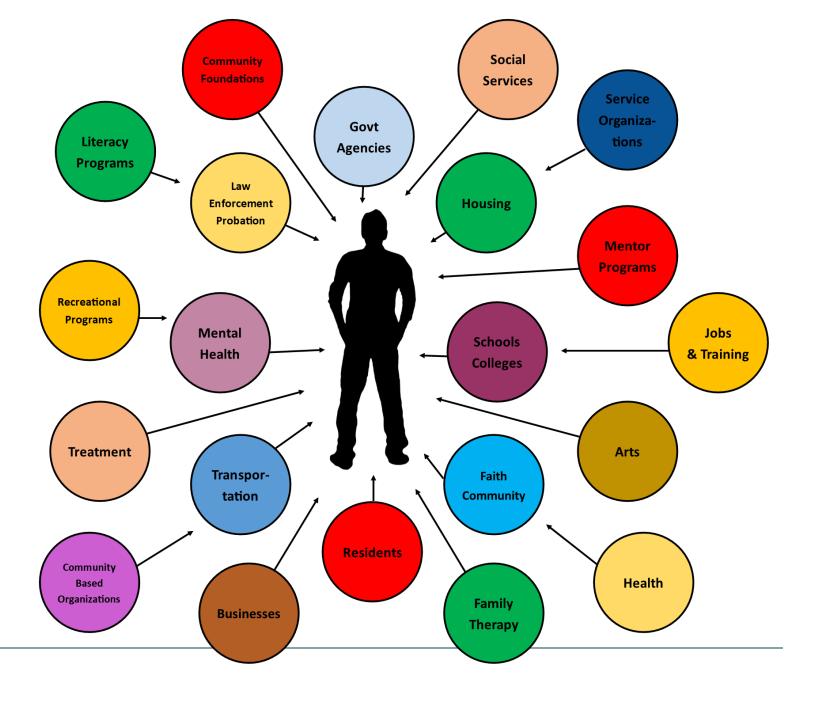
		BARC	-10			
ID/Name			Date:			
	Strongly	Disagree	Somewhat	Somewhat	Agree	Strongl
1 771	Disagree	_	Disagree	Agree	-	Agree
There are more important things to me in life than using substances	1	2	3	4	5	6
In general I am happy with my life	1	2	3	4	5	6
3. I have enough energy to complete the tasks I set for myself	1	2	3	4	5	6
I am proud of the community I live in and feel a part of it	1	2	3	4	5	6
I get lots of support from friends	1	2	3	4	5	6
6. I regard my if as challenging and fulfilling without the need for using drugs or alcohol	1	2	3	4	5	6
My living space has helped to drive my recovery journey	1	2	3	4	5	6
I take full responsibility for my actions	1	2	3	4	5	6
I am happy dealing with a range of professional people	1	2	3	4	5	6
10. I am making good progress on my recovery journey	1	2	3	4	5	6
add columns		+	+	F .	+ +	H
TOTAL						

SCORING THE RECCAP

- Quality of Life & Satisfaction
- Barriers to Recovery
- Service Involvement & Needs
- Recovery Strengths
- Assessment of Recovery Capital (ARC)
- Personal Coping & Life Functioning,
 Physical Health, Psychological Health,
 Recovery Experience, Risk Taking
 - Social Citizenship, Housing
 & Safety, Meaningful
 Activities, Social Support,
 Substance Use & Sobriety
 - Recovery Group Participation
 - Outside Support
 - Commitment to Sobriety



2) Community Mapping







3) Case Planning and Staffing

- Risk/Need/Responsivity
- Coordinate with treatment plan
- Court responses should consider elements of recovery capital & longterm recovery management



This includes an individual's physical and human capital. Physical capital is the available resources to fulfill a person's basic needs. Human capital relates to a person's abilities, skills, and knowledge, like problem-solving, education, self-esteem, and the ability to navigate challenging situations to achieve goals. Resources: Community This includes attitudes, policies, and resources specifically related to helping individuals resolve substance use disorders. Resources: Social Potential Barriers: The resources related to intimate relationships with friends and family, relationships with people in recovery, and supportive partners. It also includes the availability of recovery-related social events. Resources: Participant Engagement: Potential Barriers: Participant Engagement: Potential Barriers: Participant Engagement: Treatment **Court Institute**

Personal

Recovery Capital Staffing Questions

Which recovery capitol domain is the participant working on this week?

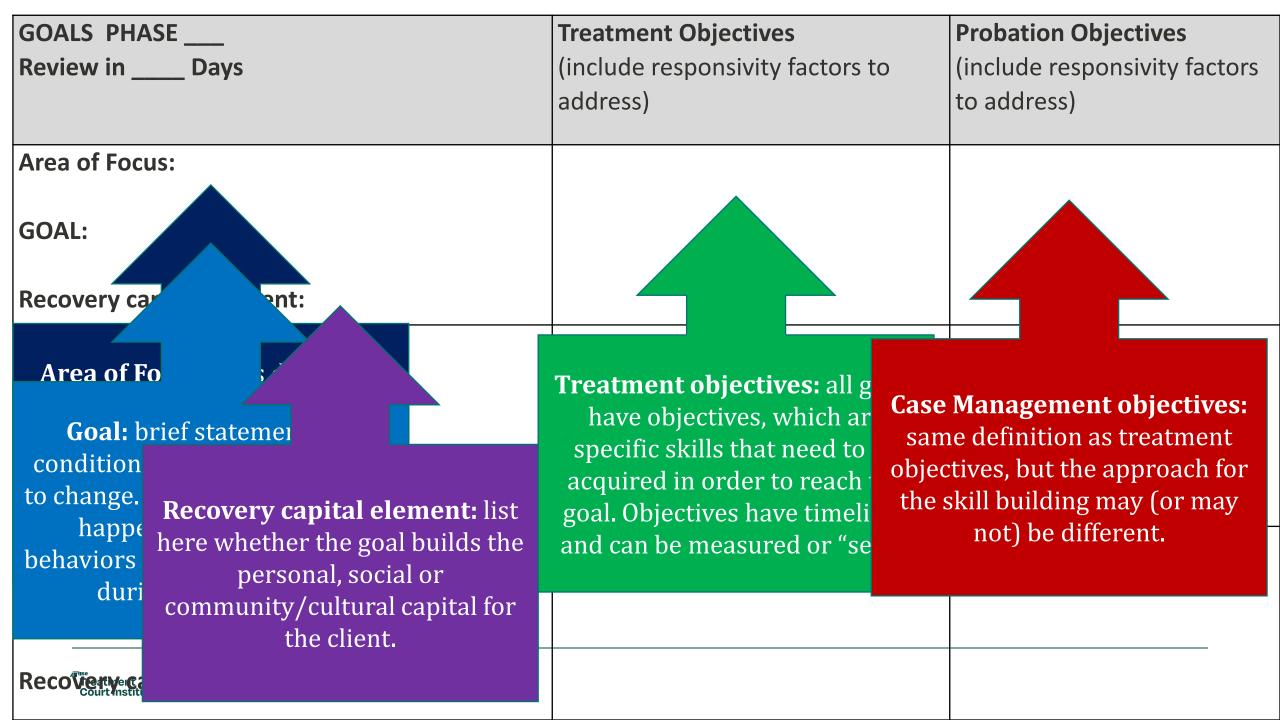
What is the participant's need they are addressing?

Are there any barriers they are experiencing?

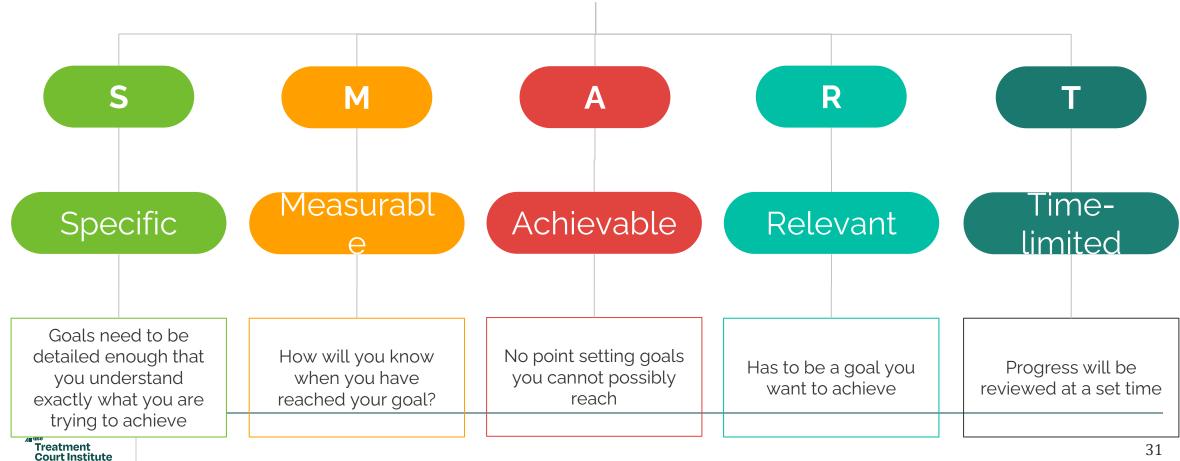
How can the team help?

Checklist

- □ What is the need?
- Which resource best meets the need?
- What barriers exist to access resource?
- □ **How** will you get the participant to engage in the resource?



SMART Goals



GOALS PHASE	Treatment Objectives	Probation Objectives
Review in Days	(include responsivity factors to	(include responsivity factors to
	address)	address)
Area of Focus: Peers	John will increase his involvement in	John will complete a decision
	the recovery community by attending	balance sheet on how his peers
GOAL: Spend time with sober people that are	2 recovery support meetings and 2	affect his life in recovery and share
my age.	social events at the recovery club on	with this probation by 10/3.
	Main Street by October 15th.	John will role play having a difficult
Recovery capital element: Social & Personal	John will complete a decisional	conversation with his probation
	balance sheet on how his peers affect	officer to prepare for the
	his life in recovery and share it with	conversation with his peers. During
	treatment. TX and John will create a	this meeting, John will set a plan to
	plan to address the negative peers	when he will have this discussion
	that hang out at his house. John will	with his peers. To be completed prior to the next court date on
	with probation. Completed by 10/1.	10/15.
Area of Focus: Substance Use	John will write a list of triggers and	John will complete a Behavior
711 Cd 01 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	high-risk situations that have led to	Offense Chain with his probation
GOAL: I want to make recovery work this time	relapse in the past year by	officer when the last time he used
GOAL. I want to make recovery work this time	Clinician to explore ambivalence using	and committed a new offense. John
Deceyony conital alament: Devector	MI and CBT.	will identify any triggering
Recovery capital element: Personal Treatment Court Institute		behaviors, emotions, or thoughts
		that led to use and criminal activity.



In summary:

- To maximize outcomes for clients, we must think beyond the "temporary" structure of the treatment court.
- The treatment court is well positioned to assist clients by creating meaningful pathways of connectedness that last long after the court team has finished their work and support.
- For those that can make it to 7 years, their likelihood of relapse is less than 14%.
- Shift from thinking about what the treatment court "managed" to what the court assisted the client in adding to their lives.

Questions?